ARTFORUM

February 2011

ne grapme basis for the into impressive textural erns and luminous priss 2010) layers the letters of semicircles, lozenges, eins of vivid fluorescent alls the sprayed facture printer down to its limolor spectrum. A thick, slash across the middle imultaneously commuted access, negation, division, cellular repronic fissure, and the cutof all things slasher inforce the function of mifying coded (though y legible) signification. postindustrial futureetic register that reigned e show, Lund evinced a stal and obliquely techion of Albers's brokented type, superimposing nilitary stencils on the s with the digital world's y dots and dashes.

aggression underwent ation through explosive ticky sexuality in Lund's ag, and swollen abject ich channel ProtoLogos erbolically haptic intergenerative principle of a body's seminal fluid. culptural by Lund as an abiguously in the prime-kage, congealed slime, il masks, lunar craters, Sombra) is a teetering arm" holding a decapi-Mien Art Concept) that

Terry Chatkupt

How about "A guy walks into a diner..." or "A guy gets a phone call..."? Either mundane opener—which in a joke would set up a punch line, which would achieve humor by creating an unexpected turn in the narrative course—could have articulated an action in the script for Terry Chatkupt's new video short Transferase, 2010. Part psychodrama, part nail-biting suspense flick, the nine-minute digital video is also a comedy, deriving its dramatic tension from the split perception of its lone, anonymous protagonist and the degree to which he alters the experiences of the people around him.

As the piece begins, we are shown a smog-filtered sunny afternoon in LA (just like any other in that city), but as shot by Chatkupt, the skyline appears vast, looming as if it were revealing some supernatural disturbance. On a street lined with backlit palm trees (another LA classic) and bathed in "magic hour" light, an anxious young man enters a sparsely populated diner and places an order. He has just received a call on his cell phone, the content of which no one else knows, except that it regards some imminent, indeterminate threat. The man becomes exasperated, and his behavior seems only to irritate bystanders, so he retreats to the restroom, where, relieving himself, he attempts to collect his thoughts. Before long, he returns to the counter, issuing requisite apologies, and receives his food from a fresh-faced young woman who offers him a smile and then uses a napkin to tend to a dribble of blood creeping from his nose. The next moment, our protagonist is out cold. When he eventually comes to on the diner floor, the place is deserted, a change in lighting suggesting that time has elapsed. His panic now downgraded to agitation, the man exits the coffeeshop and is again framed by the Californian cityscape. He scans his surroundings, suffers another nosebleed, and seconds later collapses again, this time on the pavement, and alone.

For anyone familiar with Steve De Jarnatt's 1988 cult thriller Miracle Mile, in which a young man, having answered a misdialed call to a pay phone, learns of pending nuclear apocalypse and then lives out his final moments with the late-night diner crowd that he has partially convinced the unthinkable is unfolding, Chatkupt's reference is unmistakable. However, the particulars of this scenario aside, it is the imbalance of meaning among multiple parties in the same situation that is



Terry Chatkupt, Transferase, 2010, still from a singlechannel HD video, 9 minutes 17 seconds.

> De Jarnatt's real content, and perhaps Chatkupt's too. Whereas the commercial film writer-director was obligated to tie up many of his B-movie drama's loose ends, Chatkupt gets to allow all the possible trajectories of his film to dangle. Such a construction is a staple in genre films from sci-fi and intrigue drama to farce and slapstick. By placing knowledge, access, insight, and perception into tension, filtering the various states through an undefined, though presumably gamechanging event, Chatkupt replicates the conditions in which so many political and religious issues are contested. Here we see the protagonist navigate the blessing/curse of his revelation, or of the classified information he's just been given, and the trepidation of disclosure, interpretation, and call to evangelism that he feels. It's not an easy position. It appears profoundly painful. And yet the source of Chatkupt's protagonist's inner agony is also a punch line in itself, and a bitter one, given the complexity of our enduring and often unanswered questsfrom Googling WikiLeaks to praying to an invisible god-to understand political machinations, cosmic clockwork, or the workings of the divine.

-Christopher Miles

s of of 7 mai

ak

ing

mer

abs

exa

thir

īs ir

abie

moi

tra

tha

whi

aro

a co

spa

an :

shit

ism

ger

mal

real

mat

In I

mai

bro

inte

Tat

spe